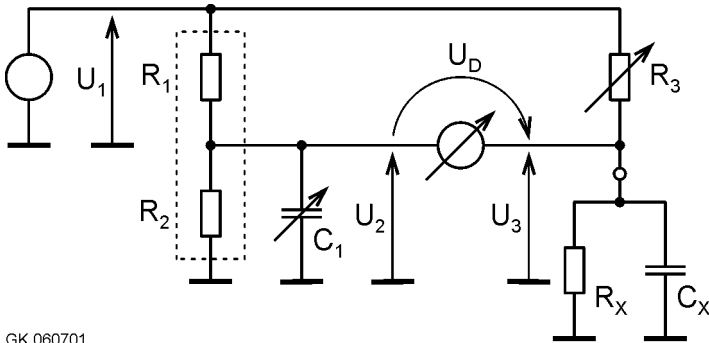


# Merenje elektroliticke provodljivosti mostom sa razdelnikom napona

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Merenje elektroliticke provodljivosti mernim mostom omogucava visoku tacnost rezultata uz mogucnost postavljanja zeljenih parametara merenja. Mana ovakvog merenja je potreba zamornog uravnotezavanja mernog mosta podesavanjem  $R_3$  i  $C_1$  uz ponavljanje.



Sema mernog mosta sa konduktometerskom celijom (celija je predstavljena sa  $R_X$  i  $C_X$ ).

GK 060701

Sa  $R_3$  i  $C_1$  podesiti 0 V na voltmetru. Tada se  $R_X$  i  $C_X$  odredjuje prema sledecem.

$$G_{DC} := 0.100020256 \quad \text{Pojacanje razdelnika sa } R_1 \text{ i } R_2 \text{ za DC.}$$

$$R_1 := 1800$$

$$R_3 := 16.52 \cdot 10^3$$

$$C_1 := 3.97 \cdot 10^{-9}$$

$$R_X := \frac{R_3}{\frac{1}{G_{DC}} - 1} \quad R_X = 1.835969 \times 10^3 \quad \text{R}_X \text{ preko } G_{DC}.$$

$$C_X := C_1 \cdot \frac{R_1}{R_3} \quad C_X = 432.566586 \times 10^{-12} \quad \text{C}_X \text{ preko } R_1.$$

## Konduktometar

$$k := 0.099 \quad [\text{cm}^{-1}]$$

$$\alpha := 0.02 \quad [1 / \text{degC}]$$

$$t := 26$$

$$t_{\text{ref.}} := 25$$

$$k_1 := 100 \cdot k$$

$$k_1 = 9.9 \quad [\text{m}^{-1}]$$

$$\kappa_1 := \frac{k_1}{R_X}$$

$$\kappa_1 = 5.392 \times 10^{-3} \quad [\text{S} / \text{m}]$$

$$\kappa_{1\_ref.} := \kappa_1 \cdot \frac{1}{1 + \alpha \cdot (t - t_{\text{ref.}})}$$

$$\kappa_{1\_ref.} = 5.287 \times 10^{-3} \quad [\text{S} / \text{m}]$$

$$\kappa := 10^4 \cdot \kappa_1$$

$$\kappa = 53.922 \quad [\mu\text{S} / \text{cm}]$$

$$\kappa_{\text{ref.}} := 10^4 \cdot \kappa_{1\_ref.}$$

$$\kappa_{\text{ref.}} = 52.865 \quad [\mu\text{S} / \text{cm}]$$

## Sazeti podaci

$$G_{DC} = 0.10002$$

$$R_1 = 1.8 \times 10^3$$

$$R_3 = 16.52 \times 10^3$$

$$C_1 = 3.97 \times 10^{-9}$$

$$R_X = 1.836 \times 10^3$$

$$C_X = 432.567 \times 10^{-12}$$

$$k = 0.099 \quad [\text{cm}^{-1}]$$

$$k_1 = 9.9 \quad [\text{m}^{-1}]$$

$$\alpha = 0.02 \quad [1 / \text{degC}]$$

$$t = 26$$

$$t_{\text{ref.}} = 25$$

$$\kappa_1 = 5.392 \times 10^{-3} \quad [\text{S} / \text{m}]$$

$$\kappa = 53.922 \quad [\mu\text{S} / \text{cm}]$$

$$\kappa_{1\_ref.} = 5.287 \times 10^{-3} \quad [\text{S} / \text{m}]$$

$$\kappa_{\text{ref.}} = 52.865 \quad [\mu\text{S} / \text{cm}]$$